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RICHARD W. WIEKING CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

DAVID PORTEE,) No. C 11-00928 JW (PR)
Petitioner, vs.	ORDER DISMISSING PETITION FOR A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS; GRANTING MOTION FOR LEAVE TO PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS; DENYING CERTIFICATE OF
RANDY GROUNDS, Warden,	APPEALABILITY
Respondent.	{
	(Docket Nos. 4 & 5)

Petitioner, a California prisoner incarcerated at the Soledad State Prison, has filed a pro se petition for a writ of habeas corpus under 28 U.S.C. § 2254, challenging the denial of parole by the Board of Parole Hearings ("Board"). Petitioner has filed a motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis. (Docket Nos. 4 & 5.)

DISCUSSION

Standard of Review

This Court may entertain a petition for writ of habeas corpus "in behalf of a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a state court only on the ground that he is in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 2254(a); Rose v. Hodges, 423 U.S. 19, 21 (1975).

Order Dismissing Petition; Granting IFP; Denying COA P:\PRO-SE\SJ.JW\HC.11\00928Portee_parole-dism.wpd 1

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A district court shall "award the writ or issue an order directing the respondent to show cause why the writ should not be granted, unless it appears from the application that the applicant or person detained is not entitled thereto." 28 U.S.C. § 2243.

В. **Petitioner's Claims**

Petitioner seeks federal habeas relief based on the following claims: 1) the Board "denied petitioner due process to a fair hearing" when it used a conviction that was dismissed to support their decision; and 2) the superior court's denial of petitioner's state petition was "contrary to, or an unreasonable application of clearly established United States Supreme Court Law" and was "based on [an] unreasonable determination of the facts before it." (Pet. at 6.)

For the purposes of habeas federal habeas review, a California prisoner is entitled to only "minimal" procedural protections in connection with a parole suitability determination. Swarthout v. Cooke, No. 10-333, slip op. 4-5 (U.S. Jan. 24, 2011). The procedural protections to which the prisoner is entitled under the Due Process Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment are limited to an opportunity to be heard and a statement of the reasons why parole was denied. Id. Petitioner makes no allegation in the petition to indicate that he did not receive at least this amount of process. The Constitution does not require more. Id. at 5.

Whether the Board's decision was supported by some reliable evidence of current dangerousness is irrelevant in federal habeas. The Supreme Court has made clear that "it is no federal concern... whether California's 'some evidence' rule of judicial review (a procedure beyond what the Constitution demands) was correctly applied." Id. at 6. In light of the Supreme Court's determination that due process does not require that there be any amount of evidence to support the parole denial, the petition fails to state a cognizable claim for relief. Accordingly, the state court's denial of petitioner's petition was not "contrary to, or [] an unreasonable application of, clearly established Federal law, as determined by the Supreme Court of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 2254(d)(1). ///

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the petition for a writ of habeas corpus is DISMISSED for failure to state a cognizable claim for relief.

Pursuant to Rule 11 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases, a certificate of appealability ("COA") under 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c) is DENIED because it cannot be said that "reasonable jurists" would find the district court's assessment of the constitution claims debatable or wrong. Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000).

Petitioner's motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis, (Docket No. 4) is GRANTED. Docket No. 5 is DENIED as duplicative and moot.

This order terminates Docket Nos. 4 and 5.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

DAVID PORTEE,	Case Number: CV11-00928 JW
Petitioner,	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
v.	
RANDY GROUNDS, Warden,	
Respondent.	J
Court, Northern District of California. That on 5 10 0, attached, by placing said copy(ies) in a post	an employee in the Office of the Clerk, U.S. District, I SERVED a true and correct copy(ies) of the tage paid envelope addressed to the person(s) ope in the U.S. Mail, or by placing said copy(ies) into a the Clerk's office.
David B. Portee C-50736 CTF - Correctional Training Facility -Soled P. O. Box 689 Soledad, CA 93960 Dated:	lad Richard W. Wieking, Glerk By: Elizabeth Garcial Heputy Flerk